

Name: _____ Date: _____

Subject-Verb Agreement

What is Subject-Verb Agreement?

Subject-Verb Agreement is when a singular subject (she, Bill, car) takes a singular verb (is, goes, shines), whereas a plural subject takes a plural verb.

Example(s):

The **items are** on the desk.

S V

A **bouquet** of yellow roses **lends** color and fragrance to the room.

S V

My **aunt** or my **uncle is** arriving by train today.

S S V

Neither **Kiana** nor **Carmen is** available.

S S V

There **are** four **hurdles** to jump.

V S

A lot of pies **have disappeared**.

S V

Excitement, as well as nervousness, **is** the cause of her shaking.

S V

Five years is the maximum sentence for that offense.

S V

Ten dollars is a high price to pay.

S V

Ten dollars were scattered on the floor.

S V

Practice

Directions: Read each sentence and circle the correct verb to complete each sentence.

1. My best friend (were, was) there when I arrived.
2. The players (are, is) going to the pizza restaurant after today's game.
3. The coach (agrees, agree) that I should practice more in the off-season.
4. Darren (is, are) a very helpful student in the class.
5. The girl (has, have) to be nice, or else she will not make many friends.

Directions: Use the present-tense form of the verb in parentheses that agrees in number with the subject.

6. The coach _____ to be very upset with the team. (appear)
7. Susan _____ a lot of helpful friends. (have)
8. The teams _____ always ready to put on a good show. (is)
9. My family _____ to see the games as much as possible. (go)
10. Ten dollars _____ the price of admission to the event. (are)

Directions: Write sentences using each of the verbs below.

is- _____

are- _____

was- _____

were- _____

has- _____

have- _____